

DRAFT BY-LAW NUMBER 360-2024 ON AGREEMENTS RELATING TO MUNICIPAL AND INFRASTRUCTURE WORKS

Resolution #2024-07-R262

Adoption of DRAFT BY-LAW NUMBER 360-2024 respecting agreements for municipal and infrastructure work

WHEREAS Sections 145.21 and following of the Land Use Planning and Development Act.

WHEREAS a Notice of Motion was duly given at the meeting of July 15, 2024.

WHEREAS a copy of this Draft By-law was delivered to the members of the Municipal Council in accordance with the Municipal Code of Québec (RLRQ, c. C-27.1).

WHEREAS a copy of the draft by-law is available for public consultation at the beginning of the meeting.

IT IS PROPOSED by Councillor Robert Dewar

AND RESOLVED unanimously by all Councillors

TO ADOPT draft by-law number 360-2024 respecting agreements for municipal and infrastructure work.

TO HOLD a public consultation meeting on August XX, 2024 at XX:00, at 2811 Route 327 in Harrington.

THEREFORE, the Municipality of the Township of Harrington decrees as follows:

The preamble forms an integral part of this by-law.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC MUNICIPALITY OF THE TOWNSHIP OF HARRINGTON MRC D'ARGENTEUIL

DRAFT BY-LAW NUMBER 360-2024 ON AGREEMENTS RELATING TO MUNICIPAL AND INFRASTRUCTURE WORKS

1 DECLARATORY, FINAL AND INTERPRETATIVE PROVISIONS

SECTION 1.1: DECLARATORY PROVISIONS

1. TITLE OF BY-LAW

This by-law shall be known as the "By-law respecting agreements for municipal and infrastructure work" and shall be numbered 360-2024.

2. PURPOSE

The main purpose of the by-law is to make the carrying out of municipal infrastructure work and any road infrastructure work subject to the signing of a work agreement in accordance with section 145.21 of the Act respecting land use planning and development (R.S.Q., c. A-19.1). A-19.1.

3. TERRITORY COVERED

This by-law applies to the entire territory under the jurisdiction of the Municipality of the Township of Harrington.

4. PERSONS AFFECTED

This by-law applies to all individuals and legal entities.

5. PARTIAL INVALIDITY OF THE BY-LAW

Should any part, clause or provision of the present by-law be declared invalid by a recognized court, the validity of all other parts, clauses or provisions shall not be questioned except in the case where the meaning and scope of the by-law are altered or modified thereby.

The Council has adopted this by-law section by section and would have enacted the remainder of the by-law notwithstanding the invalidity of part or all of one or more sections.

6. PARTIAL INVALIDITY OF THE BY-LAW

No section of this by-law shall have the effect of exempting any person from the application of any law of Canada or Quebec.

7. PRECEDENCE

Where any provision of this by-law is inconsistent with any other by-law, the most restrictive or prohibitive provision shall apply. Where provisions of the present bylaw are incompatible, the specific provision shall apply in relation to the general provision.

8. ENTRY INTO FORCE

This by-law shall come into force in accordance with the law.

SECTION 1.2: RULES OF INTERPRETATION

9. **DEFINITIONS**

Except for words defined in Permits and Certificates By-law number 195-2012, for the purposes of this by-law, the following words and expressions have the meaning and significance attributed to them herein. All other words used in this by-law retain their usual meaning.

Bicycle lane or path: Bicycle Lane located in the right-of-way of the traffic lane, bordering the roadway, with a minimum width of 2.5 m and delimited by pavement markings or a continuous physical barrier.

Beneficiary: Any person who benefits from work carried out by a holder pursuant to an agreement under this by-law.

Agreement: Contractual document entered pursuant to this by-law and defined in section 145.21 of the Act respecting land use planning and development L.R.Q. A-19.1.

Contractor: The person mandated by the applicant to carry out certain infrastructure work.

Infrastructure and equipment: All elements, private, public or destined to become so, necessary for the development and servicing of a new sector under development, a planned development or an already built sector. This includes but is not limited to: roadways (foundation and paving), curbs, signage, bridges, sidewalks, paths, trails, lighting systems, guardrails, fences, aqueducts, storm and sanitary sewers (including appurtenances), fire hydrants, aqueduct booster stations, sewer pumping stations, deaerator chambers, air bleeders, generators, reservoirs, wastewater or drinking water treatment plants and all other deemed equipment required to serve the beneficiaries.

Applicant: Any natural or legal person, partnership, group of persons or association requesting authorization from the Municipality to carry out work, with a view to servicing one or more properties on which it is proposed to erect one or more constructions, or on which constructions already exist.

Aqueduct network: System of conduits and equipment used primarily to supply drinking water to buildings and to fight fires. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the aqueduct network includes valves, valve boxes or chambers, air and water traps, standpipes and pressure-reducing stations, as well as booster pumps and network connection pieces.

Domestic sewer system: Conduit system including the connection pieces of the sewer connection to the network that contains and conveys wastewater and includes, among other things, manholes and pumping stations.

Storm sewer system: A system of pipes, including connections to the network, that contains and conveys rainwater, runoff and snowmelt, and includes manholes, street catch basins and any other necessary installations.

Street: Public or private vehicular thoroughfare, suitable for vehicular traffic and serving as a means of access to the properties bordering it.

Private street: Street belonging to a private owner or an association of owners, the right-of-way of which has not been transferred to a municipality, the provincial government or the federal government.

Public street: Street owned by a municipality, provincial or federal government.

Off-pavement section: Portion of land located between the outer limit of the roadway or curb or sidewalk and the adjacent property line.

Signage: Signs and accessories intended to make road traffic safer or in compliance with the Highway Safety Code.

Oversizing: Infrastructures and equipment whose dimensions or capacities exceed those of the basic service required to supply equipment to the sector for which the applicant is requesting a permit. Examples include but are not limited to: a larger-diameter pipe, a pumping station, a wastewater treatment plant or a reservoir. On the other hand, a collector or arterial roadway is not considered as oversizing in the present by-law.

Supervision: action taken by a qualified individual who monitors the work on a fulltime basis to ensure that it complies with the plans and specifications submitted and accepted, as well as with the rules of the trade.

Lighting system: includes lighting units, electrical cables and all elements required for its operation.

Work: the action of building infrastructure and equipment.

Municipal work: Any work involving infrastructure or equipment owned or administered by the Municipality or destined to become so.

Level I work: The expression "Level I work" means waterworks, domestic and storm sewer systems, street foundations, drainage, installation of electrical power (electricity, Bell, etc.). Level I work also includes domestic service connections and access to waterfront properties, including culverts.

Level II work: The expression "level II work" refers to the single or base layer of asphalt, sidewalks or curbs, crosswalks, fences, signage and the lighting system (electrical conduits for lighting and installation of streetlamps).

Level III work: Level III work means asphalt wearing course and landscaping.

Sidewalk: Concrete space generally 1.50 m wide, located on the sides of a street and reserved for pedestrians.

2 APPLICATION

10. CONCLUSION OF AN INFRASTRUCTURE AGREEMENT

An agreement concerning the construction of infrastructure and equipment, and the assumption or sharing of the costs of such work, must be reached if collective infrastructure or equipment is to be installed to serve properties potentially covered by permits or certificates, or other properties on the territory of the Municipality. Such work may be carried out on or off the applicant's project site, provided it is intended to serve the properties covered by the applicant's request and, where applicable, other properties, and may be municipalized or remain private.

Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, infrastructure work includes aqueducts, sewers, sidewalks, curbs, pedestrian walkways, parks, streets, street foundations, paving, drainage, lighting systems, signage, pedestrian crossings, fences and similar equipment.

11. CONDITIONS FOR ISSUANCE OF PLANNING PERMITS

No subdivision permit, (concerning proposed streets or lots fronting on a proposed street), building construction permit (on a lot defined in the preceding line) or infrastructure construction permit may be issued unless the applicant has first entered into an agreement with the Municipality as provided for in the present by-law. Any subdivision project resulting from an agreement shall include lots intended for construction purposes, public purposes, access purposes and traffic purposes, by phase, to be the subject of a subdivision permit.

12. CONDITIONS PRECEDENT TO THE CONCLUSION OF AN AGREEMENT

If a project requires approval under the relevant sections of the Site Planning and Architectural Integration Program (SPAIP) By-law, approval by resolution of the Municipal Council is required prior to entering into an agreement.

All documents and conditions related to the request and detailed in the present bylaw must be completed prior to the conclusion of an agreement.

An agreement may also be entered into in respect of infrastructure work for the purpose of servicing one or more properties.

13. OFFICIALS RESPONSIBLE FOR APPLICATION OF THE BY-LAW

The General Manager, the Director of the Urban Planning and Environment Department and the Director of the Public Works Department are responsible for the application of this by-law.

3 APPLICATION PROCEDURE AND TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS

14. WORKS AND EQUIPMENT

Infrastructure works and equipment for a project may be carried out within the limits of the development project or outside.

15. STANDARDS AND TECHNIQUES

The technical standards relating to the design and execution of infrastructure work that must be complied with when carrying out a real estate development project are those applicable in the Municipality in accordance with the by-laws and policies in force.

However, within the framework of the agreement, the Municipality reserves the right, depending on the context and the conditions established, in the exercise of its jurisdiction, to require inferior or superior work, standards or construction qualities to consider the particularities of a project.

Compliance with municipal by-laws does not exempt the applicant from complying with all government legislation and regulations.

16. CONTENT OF THE REQUEST

Any applicant requesting the construction of municipal works or wishing to carry out infrastructure work of a private nature must submit a request to the Municipality in which the following information must be included:

- 1) The applicant's name, address, occupation and telephone number, with proof of registration.
- 2) The lot numbers of the streets for which services are requested, with the relevant plan numbers prepared by the land surveyor.
- 3) Engineering plans and specifications (one hard copy, one digital copy in PDF and DWG format) as well as the cost of carrying out the work at market value at the time of application, all prepared by the project engineer.
- 4) Cadastral plans for approval, if applicable.
- 5) A list of all work carried out by the applicant, if applicable, indicating the location of the work and the dates on which it was carried out.
- 6) Applicant's signature.
- 7) Proof of two million dollars (\$2,000,000) liability insurance.
- 8) A copy of the signed contract with the contractor, if applicable.
- 9) Copies of certificates of authorization from the Ministry of Sustainable Development, of the Environment and the fight against climate change.
- 10) Letter of undertaking authorizing the Municipality's agent or the issuer of the surety, in the event of default, to enter the property where the work is to be carried out and to perform the work stipulated in the agreement.
- 11) An amount to cover the cost of analysis of the file by the Municipality, calculated as follows:
 - a) For a street project without water or sewer service: \$1,000 + \$4 / linear metre, not to exceed \$5,000.

b) For a street project with one or 2 water or sewer services: \$1,000 + \$8/linear metre, not to exceed \$5,000.

17. PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS AND ESTIMATES

The applicant shall have the engineer of his choice prepare all plans, specifications and estimates, tender documents for the work and all other preliminary studies required for his project.

All costs related to the preparation of these documents must be borne by the applicant.

Should the applicant refuse to sign an agreement for this work, he/she remains responsible for these costs.

18. STUDY AND REPORT BY THE PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT

The request must be submitted to the Urban Planning and Environment Department, which will forward the relevant information to the municipal authorities concerned.

The Municipality may request the participation of the engineer in charge of the file, or any other engineer or professional, for the purpose of ruling on the file, at the applicant's expense.

19. ACCEPTANCE OF PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS

Upon receipt of the documents listed in Article 16, the municipal departments validate their conformity and notify the applicant of any deviations and corrections, if applicable.

The municipality then sends the applicant a document setting out the financial breakdown of the cost of municipal work and equipment. For an agreement to be reached between the parties, the applicant must send a notice approving this breakdown no later than thirty (30) days from receipt of the document setting out this breakdown.

A notice of approval must state, among other things, that the applicant:

- Acknowledges having received and read the detailed cost estimates for the municipal work and declares that he/she is satisfied with them.
- Accepts the breakdown of costs for the project.
- Authorizes Council to take the necessary steps to adopt and approve the by-law required to decree and finance the Municipality's share and appropriate the sums of money necessary to pay the cost of the municipal work not attributable to it, and this, upon signature of the agreement by the parties.

Subject to the cost-sharing terms set out in this by-law, the applicant is responsible for obtaining all required government authorizations and approvals and assumes the costs thereof.

20. CONSIDERATION AND DECISION ON THE REQUEST BY THE TOWN COUNCIL

1) On receipt of the report from the departments concerned and the draft memorandum of understanding, the Municipal Council decides on the request.

- 2) If Council accepts the request, it must:
 - a) Accept the draft agreement and authorize the mayor and clerk-treasurer, by resolution, to sign said agreement with the petitioner for the implementation of the work according to the option selected.
 - b) Adopt, where applicable, a borrowing by-law to decree the construction of the work or part of the services to be performed by the Municipality, to be paid in whole or in part by a special tax imposed by reason of the frontage, surface area or assessment of the immovables for which the infrastructures are requested.
- 3) The Municipality assumes no responsibility for the nonapproval of a borrowing by-law which causes it to suspend or not follow up on a request it has accepted.
- 4) If the Council does not accept the request, it must give reasons for its decision.

21. PERIOD OF VALIDITY OF AN APPROVED DRAFT AGREEMENT

From the date of the Municipal Council resolution authorizing signature of the agreement with the applicant, the latter has a maximum period of six months in which to sign the said agreement, failing which it will be null and void and the applicant will assume all costs incurred in preparing his application.

If the applicant wishes to continue with the project, he or she must submit a new application, which will be subject to the same review and decision process.

22. CONTENT OF THE AGREEMENT

The agreement covers road infrastructure or other work.

The agreement may also cover infrastructure and equipment, wherever located in the Municipality, intended to serve not only the properties covered by the permit, but also other properties within the Municipality's territory.

Upon receipt of the notice of approval provided for in section 19 of this agreement, the Municipality shall forward to the applicant a draft agreement for the implementation of the project in question, in whole or in phases, said agreement including, but not limited to, the following elements, namely:

- a. Designation of parties.
- b. Description of the municipal work to be performed and identification of the party responsible for all or part of the work.
- c. A plan showing the land covered by the agreement.
- d. The determination of the costs relating to the work to be borne by the party responsible for carrying it out and, in the event that a party other than the party carrying out the municipal work assumes the costs, the determination of the costs relating to the work to be borne by that person; where applicable, the terms of payment by the person responsible for defraying the cost of the work, as well as the interest payable on any instalment due.

- e. The names of the professionals whose services and fees will be retained by the applicant to carry out any of the steps provided for or necessary to the completion of the said agreement (including, in particular, site supervision and inspections by an engineer).
- f. A detailed schedule for the work to be carried out by the applicant, indicating the various stages of the project in chronological order.
- g. Financial guarantees required of the permit applicant.
- h. How the work will be carried out.
- i. The date by which the work must be completed.
- j. Management of provisional and final acceptance of work.
- k. Conditions relating to the issuance of building construction permits.
- 1. Terms and conditions for the transfer of streets, infrastructures and spaces intended for municipal facilities, where applicable.
- m. Default clause.
- n. An undertaking by the applicant to provide the Municipality, upon completion of the work, with a certificate from an engineer attesting to the compliance of said work with the by-laws, standards and rules of the trade applicable to the work covered by the agreement.
- o. An undertaking by the applicant to authorize the Municipality, in the event of default by the applicant, to enter the building, to carry out any work provided for in the agreement and, at its discretion, to use the surety provided for this purpose. It also authorizes the Municipality to enter the building and carry out any corrective work to secure the building and ensure environmental protection on the site.

If there is more than one applicant, each applicant must commit to the Municipality jointly and severally with the others, for every one of the obligations stipulated in the agreement.

4 FINANCIAL ARRANGEMENTS AND COST SHARING

23. WORK COMPLETION COSTS

In the case of road infrastructure intended to remain private, the applicant is responsible for the entire cost of the work, with no possibility of financial participation by the Municipality.

In the case of infrastructure destined for public use, the applicant is responsible for the entire cost of the work.

However, at its discretion, and on the recommendation of the Director of the Public Works Department, the Municipal Council may choose to have the Municipality assume all or part of the cost of carrying out municipal work.

24. EXCEPTION CLAUSE RELATED TO A BORROWING BY-LAW

If the execution of the municipal work covered by this agreement must, at the Municipality's discretion, be the subject of a borrowing by-law to finance the portion attributable to the Municipality, the following paragraph shall apply.

If the said borrowing by-law does not come into force within six (6) months of the date of signature of the agreement on the grounds that it has not been approved by those entitled to vote or by the Minister of Municipal Affairs and Housing, the said agreement shall become null and void and any damages that may be caused to the applicant in such a case may not be claimed from the Municipality, the applicant releasing the Municipality accordingly.

5 FINANCIAL GUARANTEES

25. PERFORMANCE BOND

Prior to signing the agreement, the applicant must provide the Municipality with financial guarantees to preserve the Municipality's right to proceed with the work in the event of default by the applicant. The guarantees may take one or other of the following forms, or a combination thereof:

a. A performance bond provided by the applicant issued in favour of the Municipality by an insurance company holding guarantee insurance and included on the list published by the Inspector General of Financial Institutions for a value equal to 100% of the estimated total cost or actual cost of the work, valid for a minimum period of six (6) months after the estimated date of completion of the said work.

or

b. An irrevocable and unconditional bank letter of guarantee provided by the applicant in favour of the Municipality for a value equal to 100% of the estimated total cost of the work, valid for a minimum period of six (6) months after the estimated date of completion of said work.

or

c. A cash sum equal to 100% of the estimated total cost of the municipal work.

26. Maintenance guarantee

Prior to the release of the performance guarantee, the applicant must provide the Municipality with financial guarantees to enable the Municipality to maintain and repair the municipal work in the event of defects or problems arising after final acceptance. These guarantees cover any defects, omissions or faulty workmanship that may exist or occur in the work and must be valid for a period of one (1) year after final acceptance of the work. They are equal to 10% of the estimated total cost of the municipal work and may take the form, at the applicant's option, of a performance bond, a bank guarantee or an amount of money satisfying the terms and conditions indicated in article 25.

27. Guarantee renewal

In the event that a guarantee referred to in articles 25 and 26 expires on a date prior to the fixed period, the estimated date of completion of the work or the end of the

work, the applicant must renew this guarantee at least sixty (60) days prior to its expiry date. Should the applicant fail to renew and notify the Municipality within this period, the Municipality may take appropriate measures to protect its warranty, including the possibility of invoking the default clause and forfeiting the warranty.

28. Maintenance of guarantees during provisional operation

If the Municipality agrees to operate the works before acquiring them, the cost of operation is assumed by the Municipality as of provisional acceptance. The applicant must, however, correct all deficiencies before transferring the infrastructures, and the guarantees provided for in the preceding articles apply according to the relevant terms and conditions.

29. Release of financial guarantees

On the date of provisional acceptance of the work, the Municipality may elect to retain or release all or part of the balance of the performance bond held by it and provided by the applicant upon signature of the agreement. At that point, the maintenance guarantee takes over.

The total balance is released upon final acceptance of the work, when the maintenance guarantee takes over from the performance guarantee, if applicable. The release of a financial guarantee is conditional on the Municipality not having had recourse to this guarantee.

The Municipality may also authorize provisional acceptance of Level I work and modify the performance bond so that it corresponds to 125% of the estimated total cost of the remaining work. The form of the guarantee must comply with the provisions of article 26.

6 PROCEDURE FOR MONITORING AND ACCEPTANCE OF WORK

30. WORK SUPERVISION AND MONITORING

The engineer appointed by the Municipality (at the applicant's expense) will monitor the work, ensure compliance with the plans and specifications and ensure compliance with municipal by-law requirements.

If, at any given time, the Municipality is of the opinion that the work is not being carried out in accordance with the approved plans and specifications and the terms of this agreement, it may order the work to be halted in whole or in part until the situation has been verified and corrected, if necessary.

Following receipt of a notice from the Municipality to the effect that the work does not conform or requires modifications, adjustments or repairs, the applicant shall, within 48 hours of receipt of such notice, carry out the required modifications, repairs or adjustments, in accordance with the Municipality's requirements

31. ACCEPTANCE PROCEDURE

Upon completion of the work, the director of the public works department, the applicant, the engineer appointed by the applicant and the engineer appointed by the Municipality (at the applicant's expense) will inspect the work as a whole with a view to provisional acceptance.

The engineer appointed by the Municipality (at the applicant's expense) shall, if necessary, recommend provisional acceptance of the municipal work. The Public Works Director takes note of this recommendation and comments, if necessary.

If this site visit establishes that the municipal work complies with the project plans and specifications, the Public Works Director gives the Municipal Council his recommendation on provisional acceptance or final acceptance of the work, as he determines. Final acceptance of municipal roadwork is granted only after a freeze/thaw cycle (winter season) has enabled the condition of the work to be assessed, and appropriate corrective action taken if required.

If, in the opinion of the director of the public works department, any elements appear to be non-compliant with the project plans and specifications, the latter will issue a notice of deficiency to the applicant, who must carry out the necessary work to correct them within the timeframe indicated in the notice.

Should the applicant fail to carry out the corrective work within the timeframe indicated, the Municipality may carry out the work or have it carried out by a third party, using the financial guarantee on hand at the time, without further notice or delay. If this guarantee is insufficient, the Municipality may claim the balance from the applicant.

The procedure set out in this article also applies to provisional acceptance of Level I work. In this case, the applicant must provide an estimate of the total cost of the remaining work, prepared by an engineer.

7 TRANSFER OF INFRASTRUCTURE

32. TRANSFER OF INFRASTRUCTURE

If the project complies with the requirements of the road construction by-law, the Municipality's public infrastructure transfer by-law and the memorandum of understanding, the Municipality may, once the work is fully completed and following final acceptance of the municipal work, accept the transfer of the infrastructure.

33. TRANSFER FEES

All applicable fees related to the transfer of infrastructures are to be paid by the applicant.

8 TRANSFER OF INFRASTRUCTURE

34. CONTRAVENTION OF PLANNING BY-LAWS

Any person who contravenes any of the applicable provisions of this by-law is guilty of an offence.

35. APPLICATION OF PENALTIES

Council generally authorizes the Director General, the Director of the Public Works Department, the Foreman of the Public Works Department, the Director of the Planning and Environment Department and any Building and Environment Inspector to undertake penal proceedings against any person who contravenes any of the provisions of the present by-law, and consequently generally authorizes these persons to issue any statements of offence useful for this purpose.

The Municipality may, for the purposes of enforcing the provisions of this by-law, exercise cumulatively or alternatively, with those provided for in this by-law, all appropriate recourses of a civil or penal nature and, without limitation, the Municipality may exercise all recourses provided for in articles 227 to 233 of the Act respecting land use planning and development (R.S.Q., chapter A-19.1).

36. PENAL SANCTIONS

Cumulatively or alternatively, the Municipality may also take penal action to enforce compliance with its by-laws.

Any person who contravenes this planning by-law commits an offence and is liable to a fine of not less than one thousand (\$1,000) dollars, and not less than two thousand (\$2,000) dollars for a legal person, plus costs.

In the event of a repeat offence, the fine may be increased to three thousand (\$3,000) dollars for a natural person and five thousand (\$5,000) dollars for a legal entity, plus costs.

If an offence lasts more than one day, the offence committed on each day constitutes a separate offence, and the penalties enacted for each offence may be imposed for each day that the offence lasts, in accordance with the present by-law.

Gabrielle Parr Mairesse Steve Deschênes Directeur général et Greffier-trésorier

Notice of motion:	15 juillet 2024
Adoption of draft by-law:	15 juillet 2024